

BAY WINDOW MEASUREMENTS

DROPS OF BLINDS FOR BAY WINDOWS

Blinds finishing at a window sill or floor:

We will make **NO DEDUCTIONS** from the sizes ordered.

Measure the drop of the recess (or from top of headrail if not fixing directly at the top) to the window sill/floor.

Deduct 1cm from this measurement to allow for clearance.

Blinds finishing midway down a wall:

Measure the required drop for the blind (from the top of the headrail to where the blind is to finish).

This is the drop to be ordered.

ALL BAY WINDOW BLINDS MUST BE ORDERED AS

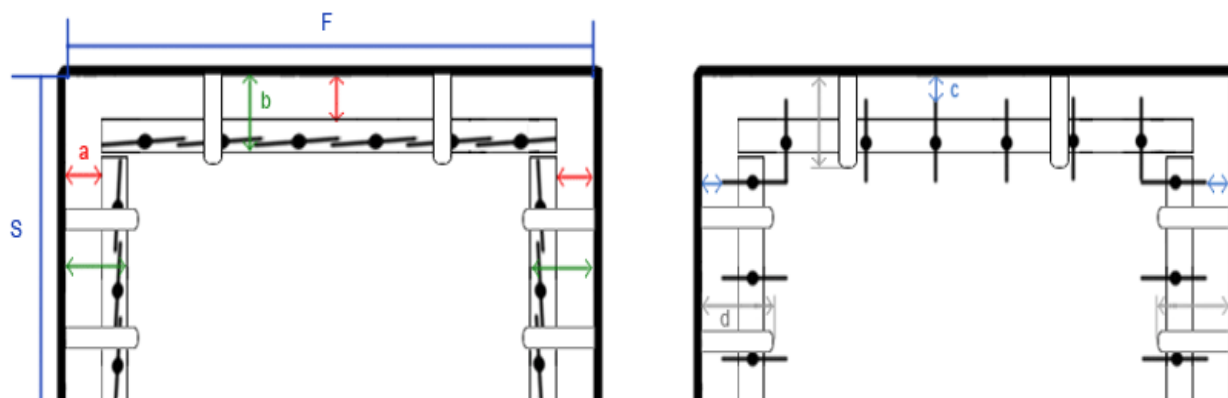
EXACT BLIND SIZE

The table below shows the deductions to make depending on the type of brackets being used which in turn depends on how far forward you want to bring the blinds (e.g. to avoid window handles).

Bracket Size	Back Projection (a)	Front Projection (b)
Top Fix or Standard Face Fix	4.5cm	7.3cm
Medium Face Fix	6.3cm	9.1cm
Long Face Fix	7.9cm	10.7cm

Square Bay Windows

Type A – Centre Blind Wider - This blocks direct light and people seeing from the front window.



Taking measurements

First find the Front and Back projections using the table above.

Front blind

Measure the recess of the front blind 'F'

Deduct twice the back projection measurement (a) from recess width.

The figure you arrive at is the exact blind measurement of the front blind.

E.G. Using standard face fix brackets - Back projection (a) = 4.5cm. Front projection (b) = 7.3cm

Front recess width $F = 200\text{cm}$

$$(2 \times 4.5\text{cm} = 9\text{cm})$$

$$200\text{cm} - 9\text{cm} = 191\text{cm}$$

Blind Width to order is 191cm

Side blinds

Measure the recess of the side blind 'S'

Deduct the front projection (b). The figure you arrive at is the exact blind measurement of the side blind. If one side of the blind is going up to a wall then deduct a further 0.5 cm for clearance.

Repeat this for the other side bay window blind.

Side recess width $S = 100\text{cm}$.

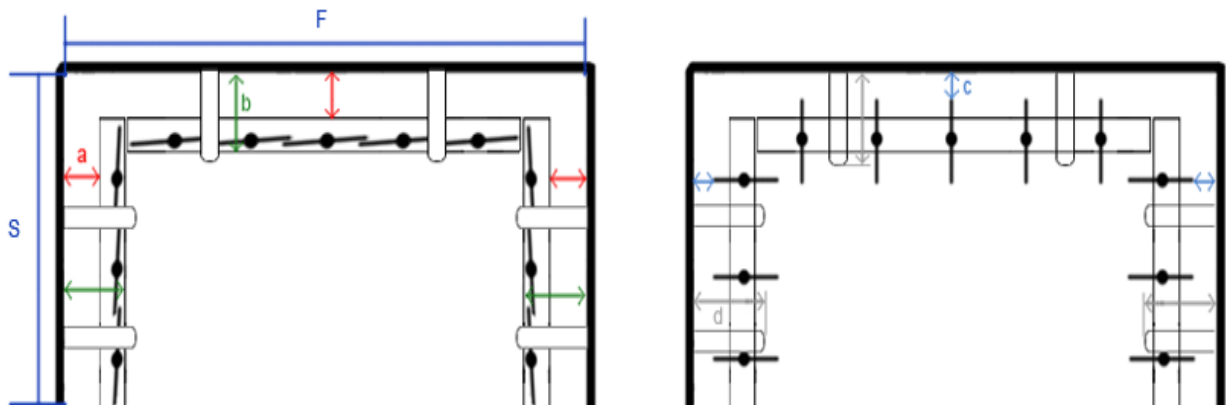
$$100\text{cm} - 7.3\text{cm} = 92.7\text{cm}$$

Blind Width to order is 92.7cm

If one side of the blind sits against a wall, deduct a further 0.5cm for clearance.

Therefore the Blind Width would be 92.2cm

Type B – side blinds wider - This blocks direct light and people seeing from the side windows.



Taking measurements

First find the Front and Back projections using the table above.

Front blind

Measure the recess of the front blind 'F'

Deduct twice the front projection measurement (b) from recess width and a further 0.5cm for clearance.

The figure you arrive at is the exact blind measurement of the front blind.

E.G. Using standard face fix brackets - Back projection (a) = 4.5cm. Front projection (b) = 7.3cm

Front recess width F = 200cm.

$$(2 \times 7.3\text{cm} = 14.6\text{cm})$$

$$200\text{cm} - 14.6\text{cm} = 185.4\text{cm}$$

$$185.4\text{cm} - 0.5\text{cm (clearance)} = 184.9\text{cm}$$

Blind Width to order is 184.9cm

Side blinds

Measure the recess of the side blind 'S'

Deduct the back projection (a). The figure you arrive at is the exact blind measurement of the side blind. If one side of the blind is going up to a wall then deduct a further 0.5 cm for clearance.

Repeat this for the other side bay window blind.

Side recess width S = 100cm.

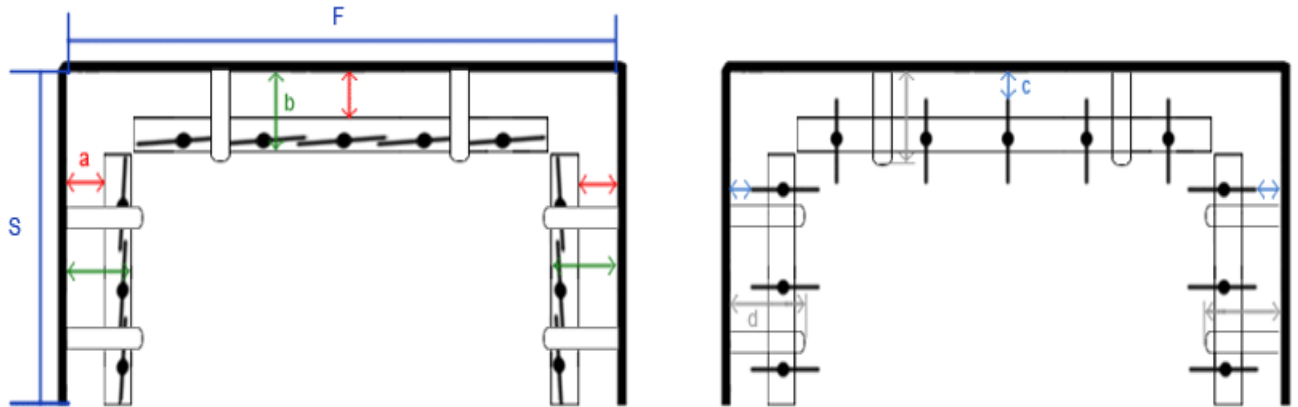
$$100\text{cm} - 4.5\text{cm} = 95.5\text{cm}$$

Blind Width to order is 95.5cm

If one side of the blind sits against a wall, deduct a further 0.5cm for clearance.

Therefore the Blind Width would be 95.0cm

Type C – Corners Butting Up - This gives a more symmetrical look but can leave small gaps at the corners.



Taking measurements

First find the Front and Back projections using the table above.

Front blind

Measure the recess of the front blind 'F'

Deduct twice the front projection measurement (b) from above.

The figure you arrive at is the exact blind measurement of the front blind.

E.G. Using standard face fix brackets - Back projection (a) = 4.5cm. Front projection (b) = 7.3cm

Front recess width F = 200cm

$$(2 \times 7.3\text{cm} = 14.6\text{cm})$$

$$200\text{cm} - 14.6\text{cm} = 185.4\text{cm}$$

Blind Width to order is 185.4cm

Side blinds

Measure the recess of the side blind 'S'

Deduct the front projection (b). The figure you arrive at is the exact blind measurement of the side blind. If one side of the blind is going up to a wall then deduct a further 0.5 cm for clearance.

Repeat this for the other side bay window blind.

Side recess width S = 100cm

$$100\text{cm} - 7.3\text{cm} = 92.7\text{cm}$$

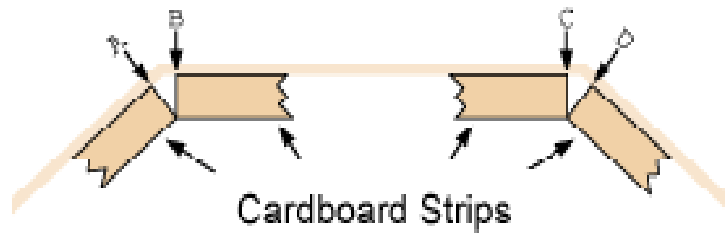
Blind Width to order is 92.7cm

If one side of the blind sits against a wall, deduct a further 0.5cm for clearance.

Therefore the Blind Width would be 92.2cm

Repeat the process for the other side blind.

Type D – Angled Bay Windows



Taking measurements

First find the Front projections using the table above.

Cut two pieces of cardboard the width of the projection and 30cm (12") long.

Place the strips in the left angle first, and bring them together until the front corners of the cardboard meet. Mark points "A" and "B" on your window frame or wall using a pencil or masking tape.

Repeat this step for the right side angle, marking points "C" and "D".

Measure between "B" and "C" for the width of the centre blind.

Deduct 0.5cm for clearance.

The figure you arrive at is the exact blind measurement of the front blind.

Then measure from point "A" outward to the desired width to obtain the width measurement of the left blind.

Deduct 0.5cm for clearance.

The figure you arrive at is the exact blind measurement of the left blind

Repeat from point "D" outward to the desired width to obtain the width measurement of the right blind.

Deduct 0.5cm for clearance.

The figure you arrive at is the exact blind measurement of the right blind.